

CB measurement with **PET** could improve evaluation of suspicious lung lesions

April 11 2016

Positron Emission Tomography (PET) is used commonly in the diagnosis of suspected lung cancer. Computed bioconductance (CB) being investigated as a non-invasive way to predict whether an suspicious abnormality in the lung is benign or malignant. In this study, researches found that CB combined with PET before biopsy of suspicious lesions could improve diagnostic effectiveness of potentially cancerous lesions detected by CT scan.

In this prospective analysis, researchers found CB results combined with PET improved the ability to distinguish malignant from benign conditions compared with PET alone.

"In China, lung cancer is the leading cause of cancer mortality and causes huge health burdens and expense. Adding CB measurement to standard PET scanning could prove to be a useful, non-invasive diagnostic tool for aiding diagnosis of patients with <u>lung cancer</u>" said Dr. Dawei Yang, lead author, Zhongshan Hospital Fudan University in Shanghai, China.

Further study results will be shared at CHEST World Congress 2016. The study abstract can be viewed on the journal *CHEST* website.

CHEST World Congress 2016, a global event connecting clinicians from around the world specializing in pulmonary, <u>critical care</u>, and sleep medicine will be held April 15 to 17, 2016, in Shanghai, China, with the support of the Chinese Thoracic Society.



CHEST, publisher of the journal *CHEST*, is the global leader in advancing best patient outcomes through innovative <u>chest</u> medicine education, clinical research, and team-based care. Its mission is to champion the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of chest diseases through education, communication, and research. It serves as an essential connection to clinical knowledge and resources for its 19,000 members from around the world who provide patient care in pulmonary, critical care, and sleep medicine.

More information: Dawei Yang, Preliminary Study on Combining Bioconductance Measurement With 18FDG-PET in Evaluation CT Detected Lung Lesion Suspicious for Lung Cancer, Chest, /04/2016, <u>linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrie ... ii/S0012369216009120</u>

Provided by American College of Chest Physicians

Citation: CB measurement with PET could improve evaluation of suspicious lung lesions (2016, April 11) retrieved 4 February 2024 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2016-04-cb-pet-suspicious-lung-lesions.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.