

Researchers identify the origins of a serious cancer-like illness in children

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The origins of the serious cancer-like disease Langerhans' Cell Histiocytosis (LCH) have been identified by researchers from Karolinska Institutet in collaboration with Karolinska University

Hospital. The findings presented in *Science Immunology* may lead to new, targeted treatments.

LCH is a serious type of cancer-like disease that mainly affects [children](#) and can be fatal in severe cases. About five to ten children get the disease in Sweden every year, usually before the age of ten.

In LCH the cancer mutation occurs in the [immune cells](#), which otherwise have the task of detecting and eliminating [cancer cells](#).

"The origin of the LCH cells has been discussed for decades. Some researchers are convinced that LCH is derived from a certain type of immune cell called [dendritic cells](#), while others believe that they come from related cells called [monocytes](#)," says Egle Kvedaraite, a doctor and researcher at the Department of Medical Biochemistry and Biophysics at Karolinska Institutet and first author of the new study.

The researchers from Karolinska Institutet together with scientists from Singapore Immunology Network and Newcastle University have now been able to show that both theories are close to the truth. The researchers combined so-called single-cell sequencing, the microscopy of samples and the tracking of cells from patients recruited from, among others, Karolinska University Hospital.

They discovered that mutated LCH cells had properties similar to both monocytes and dendritic cells, as well as a relatively newly discovered type of dendritic cell, so-called dendritic cell type 3 (DC3).

"Today we know that DC3 has a separate pathway of development, separate from other dendritic cells and monocytes, and knowledge of this was crucial in our study," says Egle Kvedaraite.

Researchers discovered that the different cell types could communicate

with each other to promote the development of LCH and thereby create a self-reinforcing effect.

"Among the [treatment options](#) for LCH, targeted therapy can be successfully applied, but the disease comes back when the targeted treatment is discontinued. This poses a serious challenge for patients, as a lifelong treatment for children is not a good option given the side effects," says Egle Kvedaraite.

This new understanding of the origin of this type of cancer has the potential to contribute to the development of new targeted treatments.

"The findings could lead to a treatment aimed at eliminating the pathological cells," says Egle Kvedaraite.

More information: Egle Kvedaraite et al, Notch-dependent cooperativity between myeloid lineages promotes Langerhans cell histiocytosis pathology, *Science Immunology* (2022). [DOI: 10.1126/sciimmunol.add3330](#).
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