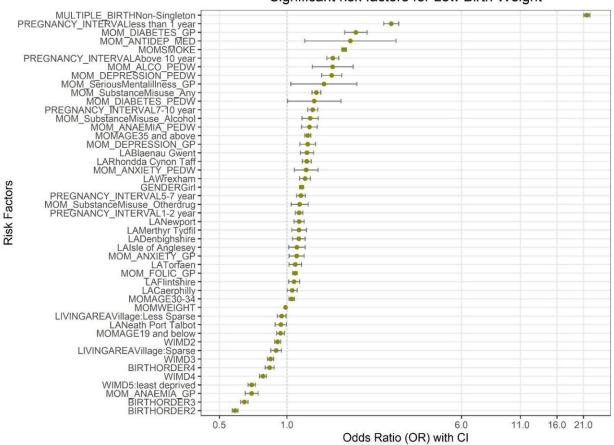


New study identifies risk factors associated with low birth weight

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Significant risk factors for Low Birth Weight

Significant factors associated with the risk low birth weight among the overall study population. GP, general practitioner; LA, local authority; PEDW, Patient Episode Database in Wales; WIMD, Welsh Index of Multiple Deprivation. Credit: *BMJ Open* (2023). DOI: 10.1136/bmjopen-2022-063836



Multiple births, a short interval between pregnancies and mothers with a maternal physical or mental health condition are more at risk of having a low birth rate baby according to Swansea University researchers.

Every year 20 million children are born with a <u>birth weight</u> below 2,500 grams, and considered low birthweight (LBW) babies The study, by researchers at the National Centre for Population Health and Wellbeing Research, looked to understand the <u>risk factors</u> for LBW so that resources and interventions could be scheduled effectively.

The cohort study comprised 693,377 children born in Wales between 1st January 1998 and 31st December 2018. Participants were selected from the National Community Child Health database.

The research team anonymously linked multiple routinely collected administrative datasets to gain a deeper understanding of the risk factors associated with LBW.

The research revealed mothers at the highest risk of having a low birth weight baby included:

- Those expecting more than one baby (twins, triplets etc.);
- Those who with a pregnancy interval of less than one year; and,
- Those with maternal physical and <u>mental health conditions</u>, including diabetes, anemia, depression, <u>severe mental illness</u>, anxiety, and use of anti-depressant medication during pregnancy.

Additional risk factors included:

- Smoking;
- alcohol-related hospital admission;
- substance misuse;
- and evidence of domestic abuse; and,



• maternal age (35+), along with living in a deprived area.

This study suggests that the most important factors in reducing the risk of LBW include the following:

- Address multiple births (e.g., in assisted reproduction practices)
- Addressing factors associated with pre-term births (previous history of pre-term birth)
- Addressing <u>maternal health</u>, such as reducing smoking, investing in maternal mental health, addressing substance use (alcohol/drugs),
- Treating underlying health conditions (diabetes/anemia),
- And promoting pregnancy planning to give an adequate pregnancy interval and healthy weight of the mother, especially for those in deprived urban areas.

Lead researcher Amrita Bandyopadhyay said, "The most important risk factors include maternal factors such as smoking, maternal weight, substance misuse record, <u>maternal age</u> along with deprivation, pregnancy interval and birth order of the child."

"Resources to reduce the prevalence of LBW should focus on improving maternal health, reducing pre-term births, increasing awareness of a sufficient pregnancy interval, and providing adequate support for mothers' mental health and well-being."

Professor Kieran Walshe, Director of Health and Care Research Wales, said, "This 20-year study provides valuable insight into the variety of risk factors that can lead to low birth weight."

"It is a powerful example of how researchers can use routinely collected data to help improve care for both mothers and babies without putting additional pressures on frontline healthcare professionals."



"The findings offer tangible recommendations about where to focus efforts to mitigate the incidence of low birth weight in newborns."

The work is published in the journal BMJ Open.

More information: Amrita Bandyopadhyay et al, Weighting of risk factors for low birth weight: a linked routine data cohort study in Wales, UK, *BMJ Open* (2023). DOI: 10.1136/bmjopen-2022-063836

Provided by Swansea University

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