

## New study from Harvard identifies transgender health disparities

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Transgender individuals are medically underserved and their healthcare needs incompletely understood in part because they represent a subpopulation whose health is rarely monitored by U.S. national surveillance systems. To address these issues, a new study compared



methods of collecting and analyzing data to assess health disparities in a clinical sample of transgender individuals, as reported in an article published in *LGBT Health*.

Sari Reisner, ScD and coauthors, Harvard School of Public Health, Harvard Medical School/Massachusetts General Hospital, and Fenway Health, Boston MA, compared transgender and non-transgender patients on <u>health</u> measures such as substance abuse, HIV infection, lifetime suicide attempts, and social stressors including violence and discrimination. They report their findings in the article "<u>Transgender</u> <u>Health Disparities: Comparing Full Cohort and Nested Matched Pair</u> <u>Study Designs in a Community Health Center</u>".

"Clinic-based samples and patient-related data are under-utilized sources of information about transgender health, particularly in communitybased, urban health centers that typically serve large numbers of transgender patients," says Editor-in-Chief William Byne, MD, PhD, Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai, New York, NY. "Reisner and coauthors describe a method of handling such data to provide valid results while maximizing efficiency with respect to time and resources."

**More information:** The article is available free on the *LGBT Health* website at <u>http://www.liebertpub.com/lgbt</u>.

Provided by Mary Ann Liebert, Inc

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