

## Surgery may not fix long-term palsy of spine disease

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Hiroyuki Aono, M.D., Ph.D., of the Osaka National Hospital in Japan, and colleagues conducted a retrospective study of 20 patients with painless drop foot who received <u>lumbar spine surgery</u> for degenerative lumbar disorders. Preoperative strength of the tibialis anterior and duration of palsy were recorded.

The researchers found that 65 percent of patients recovered from drop



foot following lumbar spine surgery. The main cause of drop foot was impairment of the L5 nerve root. Surgical outcome was poorer among patients with longer duration of palsy.

"Duration of palsy had the greatest effect on recovery," the authors write. "As the only goal of this surgery is improvement in the strength of the tibialis anterior, caution must be exercised when considering <u>surgery</u> for patients with longstanding palsy."

**More information:** Full Text (subscription or payment may be required)

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