

## Elimination of senescent cells improves lung function in mice

## August 4 2016

Most cells can divide only a limited number of times and eventually undergo permanent cell cycle arrest, a state known as cellular senescence. Cellular senescence is mediated by activation of specific cellular signaling pathways involving the proteins p19<sup>ARF</sup> and p16<sup>INK4A</sup>.

Precise control of cell cycle arrest and senescence are important for a number of biological processes, including embryonic development, wound healing, and tissue regeneration. Accumulating evidence also indicates that cellular senescence contributes to tissue aging.

In this issue of *JCI Insight*, Masataka Sugimoto and colleagues at the Juntendo University School of Medicine in Tokyo examined the role of <u>cellular senescence</u> in aging lungs, as there is a well-documented decrease in lung function with age.

Using transgenic mice in which they could selectively eliminate cells that express p19<sup>ARF</sup>, Sugimoto and colleagues demonstrate that the loss of senescent cells improved lung function in mice. Further studies will be required to determine exactly how senescent cells impair <u>lung function</u>.

**More information:** Michihiro Hashimoto et al, Elimination of p19ARF-expressing cells enhances pulmonary function in mice, *JCI Insight* (2016). DOI: 10.1172/jci.insight.87732 Michihiro Hashimoto et al. Elimination of p19ARF-expressing cells enhances pulmonary function in mice, *JCI Insight* (2016). DOI: 10.1172/jci.insight.87732



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Citation: Elimination of senescent cells improves lung function in mice (2016, August 4) retrieved 12 February 2024 from <a href="https://medicalxpress.com/news/2016-08-senescent-cells-lung-function-mice.html">https://medicalxpress.com/news/2016-08-senescent-cells-lung-function-mice.html</a>

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