

To lose weight, start with dairy swaps

29 May 2017, by Joan McClusky, Healthday Reporter



varieties.

Are you craving cheese? Choose types that are naturally lower in fat, like feta, string, goat and ricotta [cheese](#). Also try reduced-fat versions of your favorites, like cheddar.

Milk is a great source of protein and other nutrients—like calcium—needed for bone health. And it's usually fortified with vitamin D, essential to maximizing that calcium.

The bottom line? Keep the dairy, but ditch the fat.

More information: To learn more, visit the [U.S. Department of Agriculture](#).

Copyright © 2017 [HealthDay](#). All rights reserved.

(HealthDay)—Losing weight comes down to simple arithmetic: Eat fewer calories than you burn off.

Here's a good way you can accomplish this without going hungry.

Switch out high-calorie foods for low-calorie options to cut calories without cutting [portion sizes](#). Dairy food is a good place to start, according to the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

If you're still using whole milk and cream, make gradual changes to lower-fat versions. Start by switching from whole milk to 2 percent milk for your coffee, on your cereal and in recipes. Then take the next step down to 1 percent milk and, eventually, to fat-free or skim [milk](#). You can make similar switches with other [dairy products](#), like [yogurt](#) and cottage cheese.

Mix in your own fresh fruit or a few drops of vanilla extract to a serving of no-fat plain Greek yogurt to make you forget about higher-calorie choices. You'll get twice the protein of regular yogurts without the added sugar (and calories) of flavored

APA citation: To lose weight, start with dairy swaps (2017, May 29) retrieved 17 November 2022 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2017-05-weight-dairy-swaps.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.