

Models predict intracerebral hemorrhage growth

5 October 2018



(HealthDay)—Models using four or five predictors have acceptable to good discrimination for determining additional intracerebral hemorrhage growth in patients with acute intracerebral hemorrhage, according to a review published in the October issue of *The Lancet Neurology*.

Rustam Al-Shahi Salman, Ph.D., from the University of Edinburgh in the United Kingdom, and colleagues conducted a systematic review to examine the absolute risk and predictors of intracerebral hemorrhage growth. Data were included from 77 observational cohorts and randomized trials with repeat scanning protocols and at least 10 patients with acute intracerebral hemorrhage. The researchers obtained individual-level data for patients who had brain imaging initially conducted 0.5 to 24 hours after symptom onset and repeated fewer than six days after symptom onset. These patients had a baseline intracerebral hemorrhage volume of



APA citation: Models predict intracerebral hemorrhage growth (2018, October 5) retrieved 11 September 2022 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2018-10-intracerebral-hemorrhage-growth.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.