

Novel PET staging system may help monitor Alzheimer disease

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progression to a higher stage (71.4 and 53.1 percent for stages 1 and 2, respectively); 0.9 percent of the 741 patients reverted to a lower stage. Even after adjustment for <u>clinical diagnosis</u>, higher stages correlated with lower CSF A?42 concentrations, greater CSF P-tau and CSF T-tau, and accelerated cognitive decline and atrophy. Key findings were replicated in a second cohort of 474 patients. When using the transcriptome from the Allen Human Brain Atlas, the regions of different stages differed by gene expression profiles.

"We describe an A? PET staging system that may be useful for <u>early diagnosis</u>, drug development, and to study disease mechanisms," the authors write.

One author disclosed <u>financial ties</u> to the <u>pharmaceutical industry</u>; one author disclosed ties to the Alzheimer's Disease Neuroimaging Initiative, which funded data collection and sharing, and was partially funded by biopharmaceutical companies.

More information: <u>Abstract/Full Text</u> <u>More Information</u>

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(HealthDay)—A staging system of ?-amyloid (A?) accumulation may be useful for monitoring patients throughout the course of Alzheimer disease (AD), according to a study published online July 17 in *JAMA Neurology* to coincide with the annual Alzheimer's Association International Conference, held from July 14 to 18 in Los Angeles.

Niklas Mattsson, M.D., Ph.D., from Lund University in Sweden, and colleagues constructed a longitudinally valid in vivo staging system for AD using amyloid positron emission tomography (PET) with data from 741 persons: 304 without <u>cognitive</u> <u>impairment</u>, 384 with mild cognitive impairment, and 53 with AD dementia. Early, intermediate, and late regions of A? accumulation were determined using cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) A?42 and fluorine 18-labeled florbetapir data.

The researchers found that 98.4 percent of the 2,072 PET scans from 741 participants were unambiguously staged. Participants with stage 0 at baseline had a 14.7 percent probability of



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