

Antiepileptic drugs are associated with a higher risk of mortality in persons with Alzheimer's disease

June 3 2020

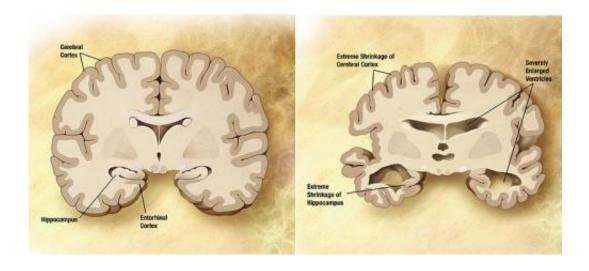


Diagram of the brain of a person with Alzheimer's Disease. Credit: Wikipedia/public domain.

The use of antiepileptic drugs is associated with a higher risk of death among persons with Alzheimer's disease, according to a new study from the University of Eastern Finland. The results were published in *Neurology*. The mortality risk increased considerably during the first three months of treatment with antiepileptic drugs, and was higher among users of older antiepileptic drugs in comparison to users of newer antiepileptics. The risk of death remained elevated after exclusion of people with epilepsy in the sensitivity analyses.



The <u>increased risk</u> remained after controlling for comorbidities, sociodemographic factors and the use of other drugs. However, it is possible that the reasons for initiating an <u>antiepileptic</u> partially explain the results and, therefore, the findings should be confirmed in further studies.

These initial findings are concerning, as people with Alzheimer's disease used <u>antiepileptic drugs</u> more frequently than people without the disease, and the use of older antiepileptics is more common among them. The association between antiepileptic use and mortality in this population has not been studied before.

The results highlight caution in prescribing these drugs for indications other than epilepsy in this vulnerable group. Up to 1% of the population needs chronic antiepileptic treatment to control epilepsy. These drugs are also frequently used for other indications, including neuropathic pain and behavioral and psychological symptoms of dementia, although antiepileptics are not officially indicated for behavioral and psychological symptoms of dementia.

The studies are based on the Finnish nationwide MEDALZ dataset, which includes all community-dwelling persons with Alzheimer's disease in Finland during 2005-2011 (70,718 people). Data on antiepileptic drug use was extracted from the Prescription Register. The mortality risk was compared between antiepileptic drug users and matched non-users with Alzheimer's disease. The study, funded by the Academy of Finland, was conducted at the University of Eastern Finland.

More information: Tatyana Sarycheva et al. Antiepileptic drug use and mortality among community-dwelling persons with Alzheimer disease, *Neurology* (2020). DOI: 10.1212/WNL.000000000009435



Provided by University of Eastern Finland

Citation: Antiepileptic drugs are associated with a higher risk of mortality in persons with Alzheimer's disease (2020, June 3) retrieved 19 November 2023 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2020-06-antiepileptic-drugs-higher-mortality-persons.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.