

X-rays combined with AI offer fast diagnostic tool in detecting COVID-19

26 March 2021



Credit: CC0 Public Domain

X-rays, first used clinically in the late 1890s, could be a leading-edge diagnostic tool for COVID-19 patients with the help of artificial intelligence, according to a team of researchers in Brazil. They used machine learning methods to teach a computer program to detect COVID-19 in chest X-rays with 95.6 to 98.5% accuracy. They published their results in *IEEE/CAA Journal of Automatica Sinica*.

The researchers have previously focused on detecting and classifying lung pathologies, such as fibrosis, emphysema and lung nodules, through [medical imaging](#). Common symptoms presented by suspected COVID-19 infections include respiratory distress, cough, and in more aggressive cases, pneumonia—all visible via medical imaging such as CT scans or X-rays.

"When the COVID-19 pandemic arose, we agreed to put our expertise to use to help deal with this new global problem," said corresponding author Victor Hugo C. de Albuquerque, a researcher in the Laboratory of Image Processing, Signals, and Applied Computing and with the Universidade de

Fortaleza.

Many [medical facilities](#) have both an inadequate number of tests and lengthy processing times, Albuquerque said, so the research team focused on improving a tool that is readily available at every hospital and already frequently used in diagnosing COVID-19: X-ray devices.

"We decided to investigate if a COVID-19 infection could be automatically detected using X-ray images," Albuquerque said, noting that most X-ray images are available within minutes, compared to the days required for swab or saliva diagnostic tests.

However, the researchers found a lack of publicly available chest X-rays to train their artificial intelligence model to identify the lungs of COVID-19 patients. While it usually takes thousands of images to teach a model to detect and classify a particular target, they had just 194 COVID-19 X-rays and 194 healthy X-rays. To compensate, they took a model trained on a large dataset of other X-ray images and trained it to use the same methods to detect lungs likely infected with COVID-19. They used several machine learning methods, two of which resulted in a 95.6% and a 98.5% accuracy rating, respectively.

"Since X-rays are very fast and cheap, they can help to triage patients in places where the health care system has collapsed or in places that are far from major centers with access to more complex technologies," Albuquerque said. "This approach to detect and classify medical images automatically can assist doctors in identifying, measuring the severity and classifying the disease."

Next, Albuquerque said, the researchers plan to continue testing their method with larger datasets as they become available, with the ultimate goal of developing a free online platform for medical image classification.

More information: E. F. Ohata, G. M. Bezerra, J. V. S. Chagas, A. V. Lira Neto, A. B. Albuquerque, V. H. C. Albuquerque, and P. P. Rebouças Filho, "Automatic detection of COVID-19 infection using chest X-ray images through transfer learning," IEEE/CAA J. Autom. Sinica, vol. 8, no. 1, pp. 239-248, Jan. 2021.

ieeexplore.ieee.org/stamp/stamp.jsp?arnumber=9205687

Provided by Chinese Association of Automation

APA citation: X-rays combined with AI offer fast diagnostic tool in detecting COVID-19 (2021, March 26) retrieved 2 July 2022 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2021-03-x-rays-combined-ai-fast-diagnostic.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.