

## Suspected suicide attempts by poisoning among US children rose 26.7% from 2015 to 2020, study finds

May 31 2022



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Suspected suicide attempts by poisoning among children ages 6-19 reported to U.S. poison centers increased 26.7% between 2015 and 2020, which UVA Health researchers say highlights the country's growing mental health crisis among kids.



The findings are based on a review of cases reported to the National Poison Data System as "suspected suicides," which encompass both attempted suicides and deaths by suicide. The total number of suspected suicides by self-poisoning increased from 75,248 in 2015 to 93,532 in 2020, with girls accounting for 77.9% of pediatric self-poisoning cases during these six years. This increase occurred while overall calls to the nations poison centers decreased.

The largest increase in the rate of suspected suicides occurred in children ages 10 to 12, growing 109.3% between 2015 and 2020, though all pediatric age groups saw increases.

"The impetus for our research team to perform this study was that we began to notice an increase in younger aged children attempting suicide by acute overdoses in our <u>clinical practice</u> at UVA Health," said Christopher Holstege, MD, medical director of the Blue Ridge Poison Center and chief of the Division of Medical Toxicology at the University of Virginia School of Medicine. "We were disturbed at our institutional numbers and decided to perform research on the national numbers which confirmed that this increase was not just a local issue, but a national issue."

The two most common substances involved in suicidal self-poisonings among children were acetaminophen and ibuprofen, both over-thecounter pain relievers and which children have easier access to obtain. The reported self-poisonings included 276 deaths and 14,916 cases of "major effects," which include life-threatening symptoms or long-lasting disability or disfigurement.

"This data demonstrates concerning rises in cases of self-poisoning among all pediatric groups between 6 and 19 years of age, suggesting that the pediatric mental health crisis is worsening and extending into younger populations," the researchers write.



Based on the data, the researchers recommend expanding mental health screenings and interventions for children.

"We need to be vigilant for the <u>warning signs</u> associated with <u>suicide</u> risk in our children," Holstege said. "Our study is one of a number that demonstrates that we are experiencing an unprecedented <u>mental health</u> <u>crisis</u> in younger age groups. As a society, we must commit more resources to the mental health needs of our <u>children</u>."

The researchers have published their findings in the journal *Clinical Toxicology*.

**More information:** Jennifer A. Ross et al, Pediatric suicides reported to U.S. poison centers, *Clinical Toxicology* (2022). <u>DOI:</u> <u>10.1080/15563650.2022.2042013</u>

Provided by University of Virginia

Citation: Suspected suicide attempts by poisoning among US children rose 26.7% from 2015 to 2020, study finds (2022, May 31) retrieved 21 March 2023 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2022-05-suicide-poisoning-children-rose.html</u>

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